



ARCHIMEDES

Monza

T41.1 – School Travel Plans in Monza

Monza

July 2011





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1. Introduction

1.1 Background CIVITAS

CIVITAS - cleaner and better transport in cities - stands for CIty-VITAlity-Sustainability. With the CIVITAS Initiative, the EC aims to generate a decisive breakthrough by supporting and evaluating the implementation of ambitious integrated sustainable urban transport strategies that should make a real difference for the welfare of the European citizen.

CIVITAS I started in early 2002 (within the 5th Framework Research Programme); **CIVITAS II** started in early 2005 (within the 6th Framework Research Programme) and **CIVITAS PLUS** started in late 2008 (within the 7th Framework Research Programme).

The objective of CIVITAS-Plus is to test and increase the understanding of the frameworks, processes and packaging required to successfully introduce bold, integrated and innovative strategies for clean and sustainable urban transport that address concerns related to energy-efficiency, transport policy and road safety, alternative fuels and the environment.

Within CIVITAS I (2002-2006) there are 19 cities clustered in 4 demonstration projects, within CIVITAS II (2005-2009) 17 cities in 4 demonstration projects, whilst within CIVITAS PLUS (2008-2012) 25 cities in 5 demonstration projects are taking part. These demonstration cities all over Europe will be funded by the European Commission.

Objectives:

- to promote and implement sustainable, clean and (energy) efficient urban transport measures
- to implement integrated packages of technology and policy measures in the field of energy and transport in 8 categories of measures
- to build up critical mass and markets for innovation

Horizontal projects support the CIVITAS demonstration projects & cities by:

- Cross-site evaluation and Europe wide dissemination in co-operation with the demonstration projects
- The organisation of the annual meeting of CIVITAS Forum members
- Providing the Secretariat for the Political Advisory Committee (PAC)
- Development of policy recommendations for a long-term multiplier effect of CIVITAS

Key elements of CIVITAS

- CIVITAS is co-ordinated by cities: it is a programme "of cities for cities"
- Cities are in the heart of local public private partnerships
- Political commitment is a basic requirement
- Cities are living 'Laboratories' for learning and evaluating



1.2 Background ARCHIMEDES

ARCHIMEDES is an integrating project, bringing together 6 European cities to address problems and opportunities for creating environmentally sustainable, safe and energy efficient transport systems in medium sized urban areas.

The objective of ARCHIMEDES is to introduce innovative, integrated and ambitious strategies for clean, energy-efficient, sustainable urban transport to achieve significant impacts in the policy fields of energy, transport, and environmental sustainability. An ambitious blend of policy tools and measures will increase energy-efficiency in transport, provide safer and more convenient travel for all, using a higher share of clean engine technology and fuels, resulting in an enhanced urban environment (including reduced noise and air pollution). Visible and measurable impacts will result from significantly sized measures in specific innovation areas. Demonstrations of innovative transport technologies, policy measures and partnership working, combined with targeted research, will verify the best frameworks, processes and packaging required to successfully transfer the strategies to other cities.

1.3 Participant Cities

The ARCHIMEDES project focuses on activities in specific innovation areas of each city, known as the CIVITAS corridor or zone (depending on shape and geography). These innovation areas extend to the peri-urban fringe and the administrative boundaries of regional authorities and neighbouring administrations.

The two Learning cities, to which experience and best-practice will be transferred are Monza (Italy) and Ústí nad Labem (Czech Republic). The strategy for the project is to ensure that the tools and measures developed have the widest application throughout Europe, tested street the Learning Cities' activities and interaction with the Lead City partners.

1.3.1 Leading City Innovation Areas

The four Leading cities proposed in the ARCHIMEDES project are:

- Aalborg (Denmark);
- Brighton & Hove (UK);
- Donostia-San Sebastián (Spain); and
- Iasi (Romania).

Together the Lead Cities in ARCHIMEDES cover different geographic parts of Europe. They have the full support of the relevant political representatives for the project, and are well able to implement the innovative range of demonstration activities proposed.

The Lead Cities are joined in their local projects by a small number of key partners that show a high level of commitment to the project objectives of energy-efficient urban transportation. In all cases the public transport company features as a partner in the proposed project.

2. Monza

Monza is a city on the river Lambro, a tributary of the Po, in the Lombardy region of Italy, some 15km north-northeast of Milan. It is the third-largest city of Lombardy and the most important



economic, industrial and administrative centre of the Brianza area, supporting a textile industry and a publishing trade. It is best known for its Grand Prix.

The City of Monza, with approximately 121,000 inhabitants, is located 15 km north of Milan, which is the centre of the Lombardia area. This area is one of the engines of the Italian economy; the number of companies is 58,500, i.e. a company for every 13 inhabitants.

Monza is affected by a huge amount of traffic that crosses the city to reach Milan and the highways nodes located between Monza and Milan. It is also an important node in the Railways network, crossed by routes connecting Milan with Como and Switzerland, Lecco and Sondrio, Bergamo and Brianza. "Regione Lombardia", which in the new devolution framework started in 1998, has full responsibility for establishing the Local Public Transportation System (trains, coaches and buses) and has created a new approach for urban rail routes using an approach similar to the German S-Line or Paris RER.

Monza has recently become the head of the new "Monza and Brianza" province, with approximately 750,000 inhabitants, so will gain the full range of administration functions by 2009. Plan-making responsibilities and an influence over peri-urban areas will require the city to develop new competencies.

In this context, the objective of the City of Monza in participating in CIVITAS as a Learning City is to set up an Urban Mobility System where the impact of private traffic can be reduced, creating a new mobility offer, where alternative modes become increasingly significant, leading to improvements to the urban environment and a reduction in energy consumption (and concurrent pollution).

Background to the Deliverable

Monza has been the Italian coordinator for the international organisation "I Walk to School", since it was the first city in Italy to organise Walk to School Events in 2001. Since then, every year in Monza there is a Walk to School Week at the end of which five schools (one for each town district) are rewarded for their efforts in encouraging pupils to take up more sustainable means of travelling to and from school. In order to increase awareness about positive effects of pedestrian mobility in children, some schools have also experimented with different forms of sustainable mobility, particularly walking buses.

Participatory design workshops will be held in primary schools within the CIVITAS corridor to raise awareness among students, parents and teachers about the benefits of pedestrian home school mobility and testing of forms of sustainable home-school mobility (walking bus, cycling bus, safe routes).

This measure covers 2 tasks.

Task 11.4.6 Development of a Walking Bus Route

Monza has undertaken research to design the scheme of pedestrian paths ("PEDIBUS") acting just like a Public Transport Line for children to walk to school. As a result of the research, stops and timetables were defined and agreed with the parents of the children involved. Key stakeholders such as the local police, teachers and school managers were consulted to coordinate the scheme with the school timetables, start and end times and also to discuss security aspects of the scheme. The study was completed in month 12 of the project and reported in Deliverable R41.1.



Task 4.16 School Travel Plans

Subsequent to the development of the routes Monza issued a subcontract for specialist support to develop participatory workshops as a final stage prior to the implementation phase. This subcontract includes, during workshops, visits in school from skilled staff in order to define, in concert with teachers and according to their didactic programs, how to project, together with pupils, pedestrian paths to school.

3.1 Summary Description of the Task

Implementation activities during the third year of ARCHIMEDES project were aimed at the organization of the walking bus demonstration as the primary element of the school travel plans in Monza, from April 2011 until the end of the school year. In particular, the following actions were undertaken:

- 1) Following the activities of the technical committee for coordination, liaison between parents and monitoring.
- 2) Involving head teachers, teachers and parents appointed of representative roles in the class meeting to plan activities.
- 3) ArchiLabs: participatory workshops for the development of themes and ways for a communication campaign aimed at convincing schoolmates to subscribe to the walking bus service.
- 4) Starting up workshops "Genitori amici del pedibus" (parents and friends of walking buses): meetings dedicated to parents of pupils attending the schools involved in the project and aimed at disseminating information, raising awareness on the topics of sustainable mobility and activating the walking bus up project.
- 5) Accurate definition of School Travel Plans:
 - design of routes, stops and timetables of walking buses, in close collaboration with the coordination table and on the basis of the indications emerging from the parents' workshops;
 - defining a plan for each school (accompanying shifts and days of activation of individual lines), aimed at activating different plans from April until the end of the school year.
- 6) Supporting activities for parents and monitoring of the service.

4. School Travel Plans in Monza

4.1 Description of the Work Done

This section is dedicated to the detailed description of the work carried out in the Demonstration Stage.

4.2 ARCHILabs

ArchiLabs, participatory workshops were run to develop themes and methods for communicating campaigns aimed at convincing schoolchildren to subscribe to the walking bus service. This has involved a total of about 130 students from four schools and seven classes. These schools are as follows:



- Omero Primary School: classes 4 °E, 4 F, 4 °G;
- Buonarroti Primary School: classes 4 °A 4 °B;
- Manzoni Primary School: class 4°A;
- Citterio Primary School: class 4 °C.

Location maps are contained within Annex 1.

Each workshop lasted two hours for each class .and has followed the schedule:

- first meeting held from 16th to 20th of December 2010;
- second meeting, from 17th to 20th of January 2011;
- third meeting,15th to 18th of March 201 and
- the fourth meeting held from 18th to 29th of April 2011.

During the first two meetings, activities were originally designed to retrace with children what had been done in previous years of the project, in order to allow them to understand the context and purpose of the nest steps. Following this first introductory workshop, students' attention was focused on how to operate the walking bus service, so that every child could be the spokesperson of the initiative with his/her family.

Further work was aimed at defining themes and topics to make children and parents aware about the importance of sustainable mobility and the promotion of the walking bus service: thanks to the design of slogans and drawings, classes have contributed to gather information in order to prepare a strong communication campaign about the launch of the walking bus routes in their school.

Ideas, themes, slogans and drawings have been of fundamental importance for the development of flyers aimed at raising the number of subscriptions to demonstration activities in each school.

More specifically, a flyer for each school was created, which:

- 1) described the walking bus service;
- 2) presented walking bus route proposals for each of the schools;
- 3) offered a registration forms to join the walking bus service.

(Please see Figures1-4 on the next page)





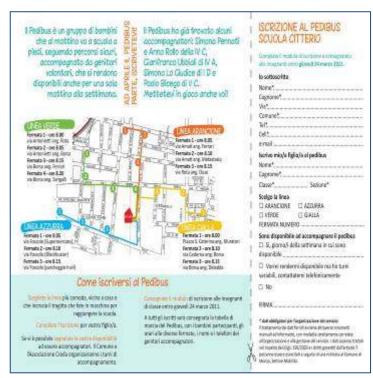


Figure 1 - Citterio School flyer





Figure 2 – Omero school flyer





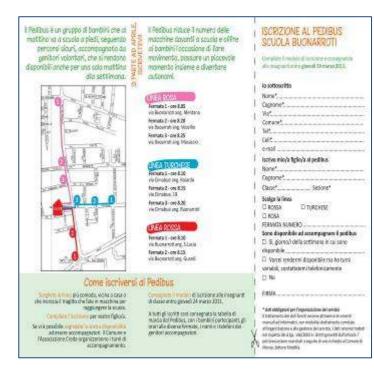


Figure 3 - Buonarroti school flyer





Figure 4 – Manzoni school flyer

During the third meeting of each Archilab, each class developed its own communication campaign based on their individual flyer. Students from each class explained to fellow schoolmates what the walking bus service was, its features, benefits of participation and how to subscribe to the initiative through a "TGPEDIBUS" (an imitation of TV news concerning the Walking Bus): the highlight of the campaign has seen each student becoming a spokesperson in the dissemination of information relating to the service.



During the closing meeting of this round of workshops (the fourth meeting), held after the walking bus launch, the suggested activities have allowed students to retrace the experience on the one hand and to evaluate the characteristics of the walking bus on the other.

Themes and information about geographic location and activities undertaken have been collected to prepare a letter which has been handed out to representatives of other cities participating in ARCHIMEDES gathered for the Consortium Meeting in Monza on May 11th, 2011 in order to activate, with schools that are working on the same themes, a path of mutual understanding, exchange of information and sharing best practices on ongoing projects.



Picture no. 5 - Children during ARCHILabs

4.3 Parent Workshops

Through the involvement and awareness of parents appointed as representative of the classes, a series of in-depth meetings and information activities was organised. These meetings were aimed on the one hand at the presentation of the project, and on the other at testing organisation with particular reference to the communication campaign and key issues to be submitted for inclusion in the flyer from the point of view of parents: as a matter of fact, this activity was aimed at raising interest from as many families as possible not only by showing benefits of the walking bus from the children's point of view, but also by sharing the importance of the measure for the environment, children's autonomy and safety during their home-school journey etc.

Meetings were organised according to the following schedule:

Omero school, 3 meetings: Dec. 13 2010, Jan. 17, Feb. 7 2011; Buonarroti school, 2 meetings: November 30 2010, Jan. 20 2011; Citterio school, 3 meetings: Nov. 29 2010, Jan. 24, Feb. 7 2011;



Manzoni school, two meetings: Nov. 24 2010 and Jan. 31 2011.

In each school, the first meeting focused on the general presentation of the ARCHIMEDES project, and the detailed plan of demonstration activities aimed at testing walking bus routes in each school. The following meetings were an opportunity to propose topics to be addressed in the communication campaign and to assess, from the point of view of adults, walking bus routes. More specifically, useful information emerged about the routes to be tested in each school, according to the adults' experience both as car drivers and pedestrians along those routes.

Omero School

The paths resulting from the analysis of the students' place of origin (home-destination) have been considered suitable by parents involved in the workshop. During meetings, there was some general criticism concerning narrow streets of the neighborhood, more specifically in the areas surrounding the school.

Moreover, it was pointed out that in Sauro Street, Omero Street and Mogadishu Street there are several violations of parking rules, since at the time of entry and exit from the schools in the area (nursery, primary and secondary schools with different entry/exit times), many illegal and antisocial parking behaviors can be noticed (second row, occupation of parking places reserved for disabled people or to school bus, parking in no parking areas), especially on in rainy days, when parents driving their children to school are not willing to leave them far from the entrance of the school.

Citterio School

Citterio School has been the first primary school in Monza which has tested the walking bus service, so parents were already used to this kind of demonstration activity: no difficulties have been reported by parents of children attending the school along the proposed routes.

Buonarroti School

No difficulties have been reported by parents of children attending the school along the proposed routes, despite some narrow streets in the neighborhood. There have been no critical aspects highlighted.

Nevertheless, the area is affected by the presence of men at work for extensive street works due to the construction of a tunnel aimed at improvements in traffic flow between Buonarroti Street and Industrie Road.

These works are causing difficulties and inconvenience especially to families of children attending the school but living on the side of Buonarroti Street located south with respect to Industrie Road, which are compelled to use their car to take children to school, as shown in the two following figures



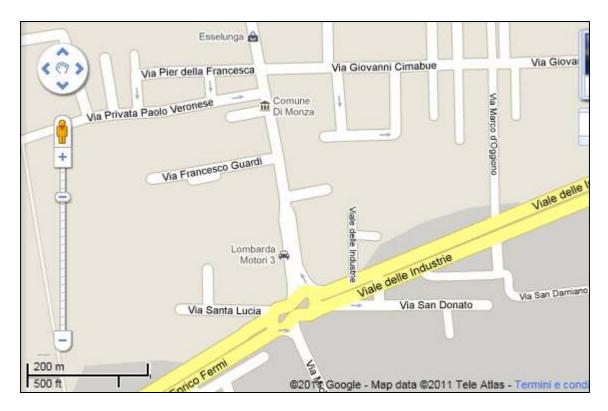


Figure 6 – Road network surrounding Buonarroti school



Figure 7 – Satellite view of the area



Manzoni School

The street walkability of the district has been evaluated positively by the parents participating in the workshop, who have emphasised two general aspects: first of all, there is a need to enhance the road signs, with particular reference to the visibility of pedestrian crossings (Guardini street). A second aspect is to improve the presence of traffic flows through the district, with particular reference to the axis of Mameli Street (where the school is located), used as the axis of easy access to highways and Industrie Road from the near city of Brugherio.

Regarding the information to be included in the communication campaign the following issues have been highlighted as essential if they are to be included in the registration flyer:

- 1. Service Description: the walking bus is a free service that helps parents who work, allowing them to make children become responsible and to make sure they improve their awareness. It is also an opportunity for socialisation among children and parents.
- 2. Map of routes: to clarify areas of the city included walking bus lines, stops and times.
- 3. Advantages of the experiment: participation in the walking bus allows parents to be less nervous and anxious regarding how their children go to school, children to be on time, to enjoy the socialisation and independence and to have a less sedentary life.
- 4. Encourage parents to participate: parents are identified as testimonials of the walking bus, companions of the different routes that are included in the registration form and can become points of reference in order to reassure even the most fearful and apprehensive parent and give information after the distribution of registration forms in schools.
- 5. Commitment for environment: walking bus demonstration as an opportunity to help understand the importance of educating children to develop a more sustainable mobility in order to do something useful for the district where people live, helping to reduce pollution through a simple, effective and practical action.

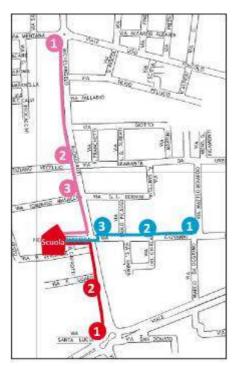
4.4 School Travel Plans

On the basis of studies and on the analysis of the flow of catchment areas of each participating school (conducted during the research stage of the measure and described in Deliverable R41), information emerged that has been used to define walking bus routes, stops and timetables for the demonstration stage of the measure.

Moreover, in accordance with the table of technical coordination of the project, the routes proposed for the demonstration of walking bus were brought to the attention of Public Works Department of the Municipality of Monza in order to estimate interventions for safe and timely resolution of critical issues: in particular, some maintenance of road signs in areas adjacent to schools and walking bus routes have been provided, with particular attention to pedestrian crossings for which provision was made for the installation of appropriate lighting for the road signs.



The following is a breakdown of walking bus routes designed for each school:



Buonarroti School

Pink Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.05 | Buonarroti street corner Mentana street Stop 2 | h. 8.10 | Buonarroti street corner Vecellio street Stop 3 | h. 8.15 | Buonarroti street corner Masaccio street

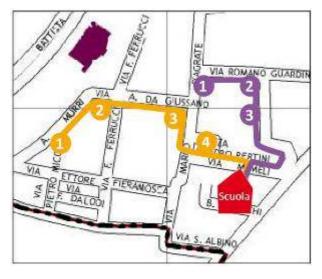
Turqouise Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.10 | Cimabue street corner Boiardo street Stop 2 | h. 8.15 | 19 Cimabue street Stop 3 | h. 8.20 | Cimabue street corner Buonarroti street

Red Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.10 | Buonarroti street corner S. Lucia street Stop 2 | h. 8.15 | Buonarroti street corner Guardi street

Manzoni School



Gold Line

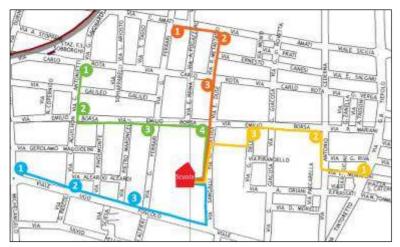
Stop 1 | h. 8.00 | 12 Murri street (parking) Stop 2 | h. 8.05 | Da Giussano street corner Ferrucci street Stop 3 | h. 8.15 | Da Giussano street corner D'Agrate street Stop 4 | h. 8.20 | Pertini Square

Purple Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.10 | Guardini street corner D'Agrate street Stop 2 | h. 8.15 | 13 Guardini street Stop 3 | h. 8.20 | Guardini street (parking)



Citterio School



Blue line

Stop 1 | h. 8.05 | 1 Foscolo street Stop 2 | h. 8.10 | 21 Foscolo street Stop 3 | h. 8.15 | 39 Foscolo street

Green line

Stop 1 | h. 8.00 | Antonietti street comer Rota street Stop 2 | h. 8.05 | Antonietti street comer Borsa street Stop 3 | h. 8.15 | Borsa street street comer Ferrari street Stop 4 | h. 8.20 | Borsa street comer Sangalli street

Orange line

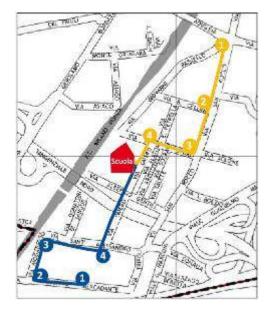
Stop no. 1 | h. 8.05 | Amati street corner Ferrari street Stop no. 2 | h. 8.10 | Amati street corner Metastasio

Stop no. 3 | h. 8.15 | Rota street corner Duse street

Yellow line

Stop 1 | h. 8.00 | S.Caterina square corner Muratori street Stop 2 | h. 8.10 | Cederna street corner Borsa street Stop 3 | h. 8.15 | Borsa street corner Deledda street

Omero School



Sapphire Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.10 | 6 Mercadante street Stop 2 | h. 8.15 | Mercadante street corner Mogadiscio street Stop 3 | h. 8.20 | Mogadiscio street corner S. Alessandro street Stop 4 | h. 8.25 | S. Alessandro street corner Omero street

Amber Line

Stop 1 | h. 8.10 | San Rocco street corner Aquileia street Stop 2 | h. 8.20 | San Rocco street corner Cellini street Stop 3 | h. 8.25 | San Rocco street corner Sauro street Stop 4 | h. 8.30 | Sauro street corner Omero street

5. Main Outcomes

After the distribution of information flyers and the collection of subscriptions for each school, school travel plans have been defined identifying and co-ordinating the different walking bus lines according to the number of students who subscribed to each route.

Through telephone or e-mail contacts with the families which have joined the service, the availability of parents to cover the assistance shifts over the course of the week has been



checked, in an attempt to make every line activated on a permanent basis from Monday to Friday, so that the walking bus could become a daily and usual service. The composition of the shifts has meant that ten out of the eleven walking bus routes were operational from Monday to Friday, the exception being the yellow line of Citterio school (active only on Thursday and Friday).

Once defined, the assistance plan was distributed to all families of enrolled children and presented in a special organisational meeting for each school involved. This was also an opportunity to point out the rules of the service whose activation date was scheduled for Monday April 11, 2011. It was also the opportunity for parents who were not available to assist the walking buses, but nevertheless enrolled their children to the demonstration activity, to meet accompanying parents.

After the service activation, constant telephone contact with parents has enabled supervisors to monitor the progress of the experiment and to solve, if necessary, small problems or inconveniences. For example, two weeks after the launch, according to the needs for parents and supervisors, the Pink Line's timetable (Buonarroti school) was significantly modified, in order to be better adapted to the needs of the group.

Members have used the walking bus on an ongoing basis throughout the launch (from April to June 9th 2011). Therefore the experience has become a daily routine for the participants and different groups are well established and motivated.

Nice weather is an incentive. According to all the participants a further component of the success of the experiment was good weather that has certainly encouraged participation in the walking bus.

In order to promote the visibility of the groups, parents of children attending Citterio school have furnished colored bibs for subscribers to ensure that the groups could be more visible. The distribution of a small gadget, useful for carrying out the service, has helped the children to increase the sense of belonging to the group.





Figure 8 – Walking buses in action

Detail of the number of subscribers and of accompanying parents are shown in the tables below:

| CITTERIO SCHOOL | | | BUONARROTI SCHOOL | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|---------|-------------------|-------|---------|--|--|
| | Start | Closing | | Start | Closing | | |
| Green Line | 18 | 18 | Pink line | 17 | 17 | | |
| Blue Line | 15 | 17 | Red line | 4 | 4 | | |
| Orange Line | 8 | 9 | Turquoise line | 20 | 23 | | |
| Yellow Line | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 43 | 46 | TOTAL | 41 | 44 | | |
| % | 11,8% | 12,6% | % | 22,7% | 24,3% | | |
| Parents | 16 | 17 | Parents | 14 | 14 | | |
| MANZONI SCHOOL | | | OMERO SCHOOL | | | | |
| | Start | Closing | | Start | Closing | | |
| Gold line | 16 | 16 | Sapphire line | 17 | 17 | | |
| | | | Amber line | 21 | 22 | | |
| TOTAL | 16 | 16 | TOTAL | 38 | 39 | | |
| % | 13,3% | 13,3% | % | 23,8% | 24,4% | | |
| Parents | 7 | 8 | Parents | 12 | 12 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Overall Total | | | | | | | |
| | · | | | | | | |
| TOTAL PUPILS | 138 | 145 | | | | | |
| TOTAL PARENTS | 49 | 51 | | | | | |



6 Communication Activities

Apart from the design and distribution of the flyers, press releases for newspapers and websites have been prepared to communicate the launch of the demonstration stage of this measure.

In the ARCHIMEDES city newsletter, a box has been dedicated to the launch of school travel plans and ARCHIMEDES city website has been updated with the information.



Figure 9 – ARCHIMEDES city newsletter opening page

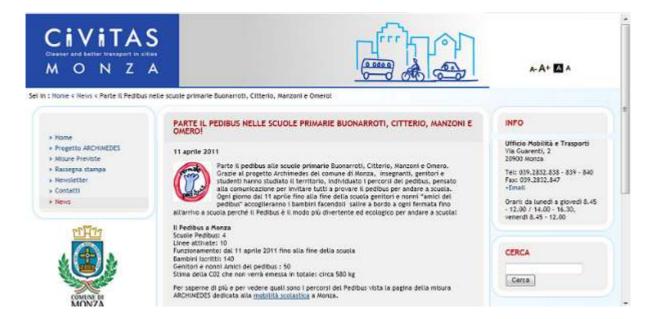




Figure 10 - ARCHIMEDES website page dedicated to the launch of school travel plans



Figure 11 – Il Giorno (national paper with local news) press release



Figure 12 – MB News website





Figure 13 – Il Cittadino MB (local newspaper) website

7 Problems Identified

- 1. PARTICIPATION: children who took part in the walking bus form about 10-15% of the school population. Parents are confident that for the next school year, walking bus can be consolidated also through getting in touch with those parents who already walk to school and which might join the walking bus groups.
- 2. LACK OF INTEREST: the majority of parents of different schools involved were not particularly interested in the initiative. Parents who have enrolled their children think that the effects of the walking bus are not fully clear at this stage, so for the next school year the suggestion is to communicate those benefits more clearly (this measure can bring socialisation, autonomy, physical activity, development of a network of mutual cooperation between parents, a tool for the conciliation of time devoted to family and to working, reduction of traffic and CO₂ emissions.)
- 3. **LACK OF TURNOVER**: there is the need to recruit more parents to operate the walking buses. In some cases the entire demonstration has burdened on the availability of a few parents who do not know if they can sustain this commitment for all next year. This problem is present especially in the case of accompanying parents of children attending the fifth class, will change school next year. As a result a number of walking bus lines



could not be reactivated in the same way, so new efforts have to be made to find new parents.

- 4. **DIFFICULTY IN CHANGING HABITS**. Some parents do not participate because they have already have an established timetable which is difficult to change or that they are resistant to change,
- 5. PRE-SCHOOL SERVICE: parents have to sign up, before the end of the 2010-2011 school year, for pre-school service and for school-bus service when they don't know yet whether the walking bus will be activated or not.
- 6. HEAVY RUCKSACKS: sometimes rucksacks are too heavy and this often represents a deterrent to take part in walking bus.
- 7. **WEATHER CONDITIONS:** inclement weather can surely affect participation: generally people do not want participate during rainy and bad weather.

8 Future Plans

For next year, the last and final of the ARCHIMEDES project, activities will be dedicated to retracing and strengthening the experience of the last part of this school year. In particular, the aim is the development of communication aspects and of documentation to promote the experience by a local point of view: more specifically, the experience of the four schools involved will be exploited for other schools of the city with the aim of having even more children walking to school and less traffic during peak hours.

Moreover, there is a strong request coming from teachers and pupils to establish a direct contact and exchange of information, ideas and projects with children of other European cities involved in ARCHIMEDES project.

To achieve both goals, schools are expected to use web platforms that allow direct contact and exchange of real-time information (e-mail, Skype).

Demonstration of walking bus services will continue, with the expectation that, following the success achieved during Spring 2011, in the fourth year walking buses will be operational for the entire school year. The involvement of a larger group of parents is expected through workshops and enhancement of the experience from pilot classes to promote the initiative, gaining new subscriptions to the service: fresh efforts will be made in communicating the activity, trying to recruit new parents who will participate actively to the demonstration stage showing them the good results of this first period of implementation. .

The arrangements to continue initiatives and evaluation activities of the measure will be developed in close synergy with the table of technical coordination.

St. Guardini, Mameli Students collect potentially Lenght of about



Annex 1: Location Maps for the Participating Schools Manzoni School, Mameli Street 18

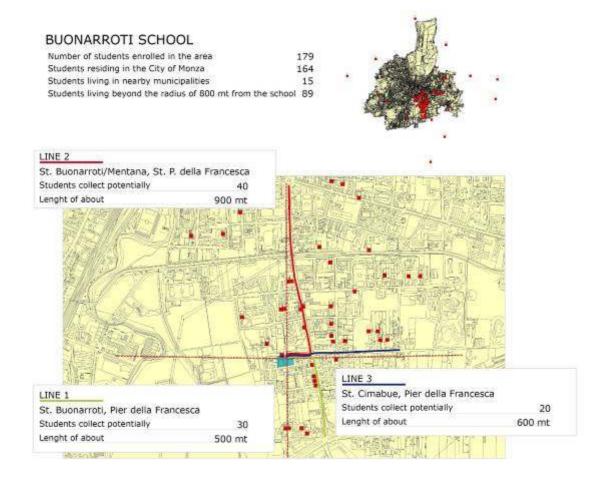
MANZONI SCHOOL Number of students enrolled in the area 127 Students residing in the City of Monza 103 Students living in nearby municipalities 24 Students living beyond the radius of 800 mt from the school 33 LINE 1 St. Murri, Da Giussano, D'Agrate, Mameli Students collect potentially 30 Lenght of about 600 mt

500 mt

STEP ST



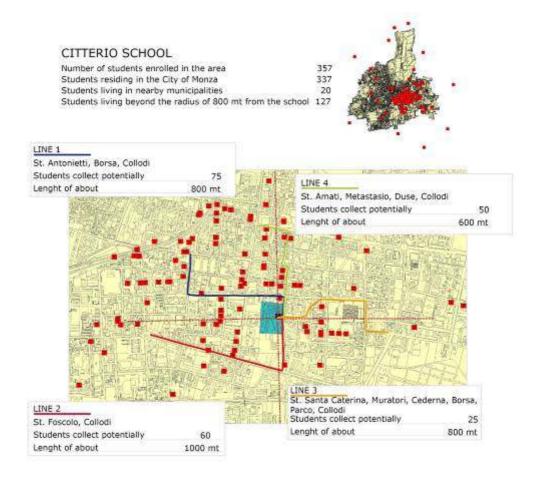
Buonarroti School, Pier della Francesca Street



24 / 26



Citterio School, Collodi Street





Omero School, Omero Street

OMERO SCHOOL

| Number of students enrolled in the area | 144 |
|---|-----|
| Students residing in the City of Monza | 137 |
| Students living in nearby municipalities | 7 |
| Students living beyond the radius of 800 mt from the school | 47 |

