

Small Communities: Big Ideas

CIVITAS Forum - Session C3:

*Delivering mobility innovation through organisational culture change,
creativity and collaboration*

29.09.2017, Torres Vedras



Generating innovation through collective intelligence, crowdsourcing and co-creation

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Evaluation of existing innovation

- Portfolio of PT innovations
- Portfolio of innovations coming from other domains

Shaping future innovation

- CIPTEC's crowdsourcing platform & process workflow
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CIPTEC 'Public Transport Innovation Toolbox'

Overall conclusions and remarks



Basic concepts



Innovation can be defined as ‘the implementation of a new or significantly improved product, or process, a new marketing method, or a new organisational method in business practice, workplace organisation or external relations’. Innovation allows PT operators to be more competitive, cost efficient and user-centric, being adapted in the rapidly changing world.

‘Crowdsourcing is the act of taking a job traditionally performed by a designated agent (usually an employee) and outsourcing it to an undefined, generally large group of people in the form of an open call’ (Howe, 2008)

A group, in the right circumstances, can be smarter than its smartest member.

Enabling innovation in the Public Transport organisations



The adoption of appropriate innovations by Public Transport organisations may result in better services and in a more sustainable business. CIPTec has reviewed and evaluated existing innovations but also generated new ideas by creating:

1. An **inventory of existing innovative ideas and systems**, by reviewing, apart from the public transport sector worldwide, other transport sectors as well as other business sectors. This process may enable the transfer of certain implementations, services, business models, concepts or ideas already applied successfully elsewhere to the PT organisation concerned.
2. An **inventory of new innovative ideas**, utilising **collective intelligence methods**, in particular crowdsourcing and co-creation approaches. “Collective intelligence” can generate innovation, encouraging the creative ‘out of the box’ thinking.

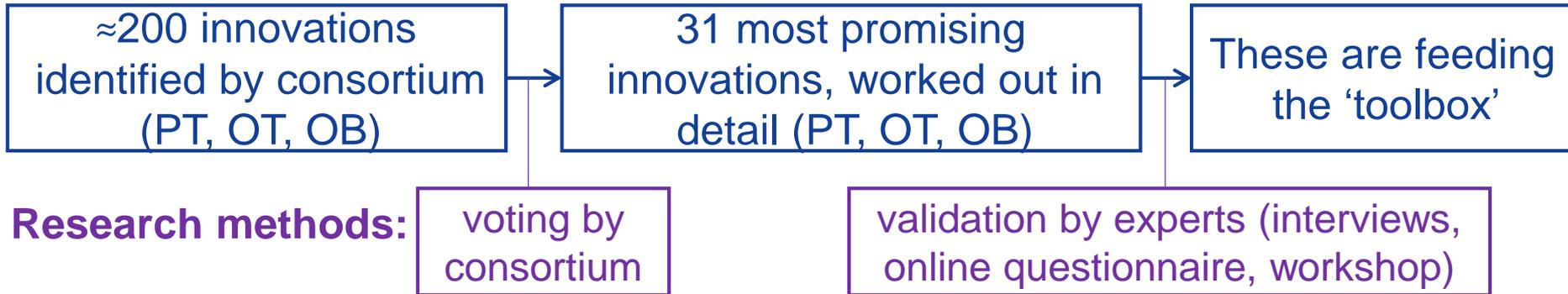


Identification of existing promising innovations & ranking



Methodological process:

From Sep. 2015 until June 2016



Research methods:

voting by consortium

validation by experts (interviews, online questionnaire, workshop)

For an innovation to succeed:

- ✓ PT of high quality and in large cities
- ✓ Innovation must make PT easier & more fun
- ✓ Barriers to overcome such as:
 - Distribution costs/benefits
 - Privacy and liability issues
 - Lack of continuity

Ranking criteria:

- ✓ Feasibility
- ✓ Transferability
- ✓ Correspondence to the PT users' needs
- ✓ Correspondence to the PT bodies' needs

Most Promising innovations:

1. Paperless Travel
2. Combined tickets
3. Mobility as a Service

CIPTEC Consortium, D2.2 'Portfolio of public transport services and "products" targeted to the traditional and new customer base, incorporating field research results'

CIPTEC Consortium, D2.3 'Portfolio of existing innovative supply from other transport systems or/and business sectors, incorporating field research results'

CIPTEC Consortium, D2.4 'Workshop on existing innovative supply'



Shaping future innovation: Collective intelligence in the frame of CIPTEC



In the case of CIPTEC, in four European urban areas – Thessaloniki, Frankfurt, Southern Tuscany and Rotterdam/The Hague – collective intelligence methods, were applied with the aim of fostering creativity and supporting the generation of innovative concepts for the public transport sector.

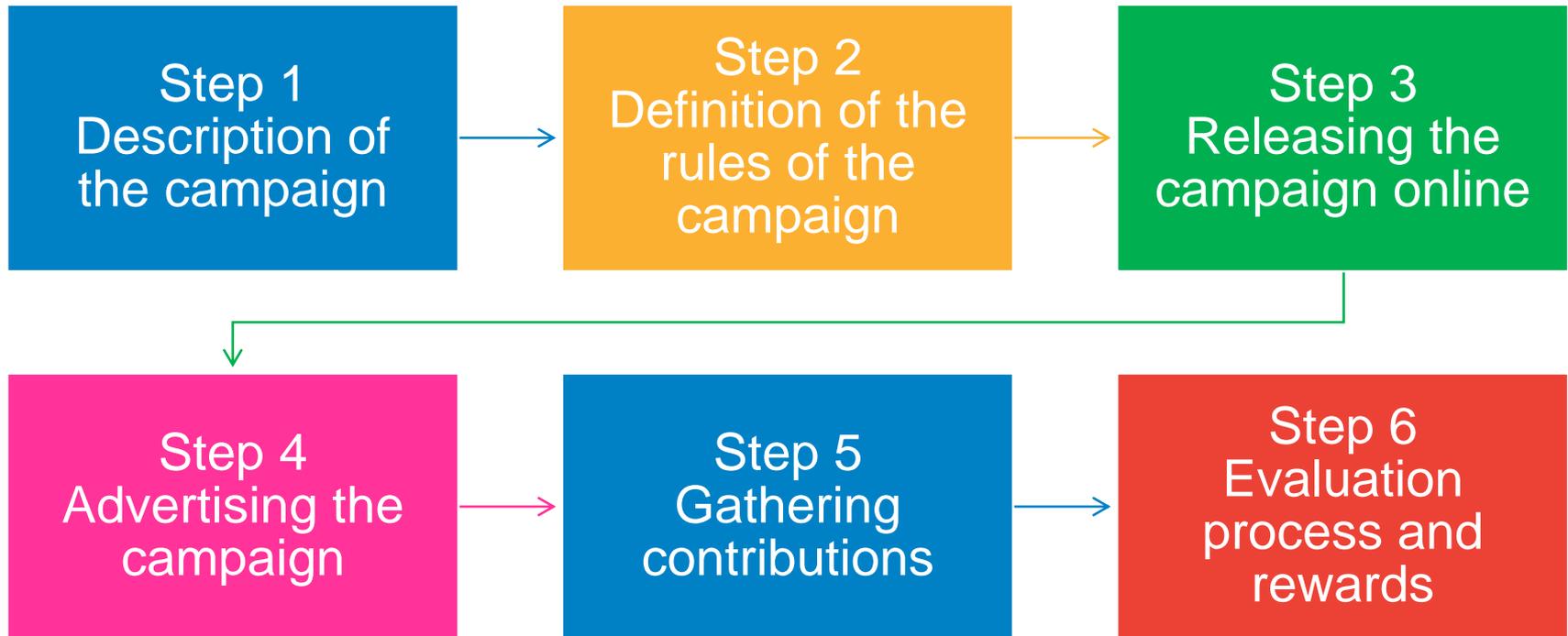
In particular:

- **5 Crowdsourcing campaigns** (one local in each one of the aforementioned areas and one European-wide)
- **Co-creation processes** through **8 relevant workshops** (two in each one of the aforementioned areas)

CIPTEC's crowdsourcing process workflow



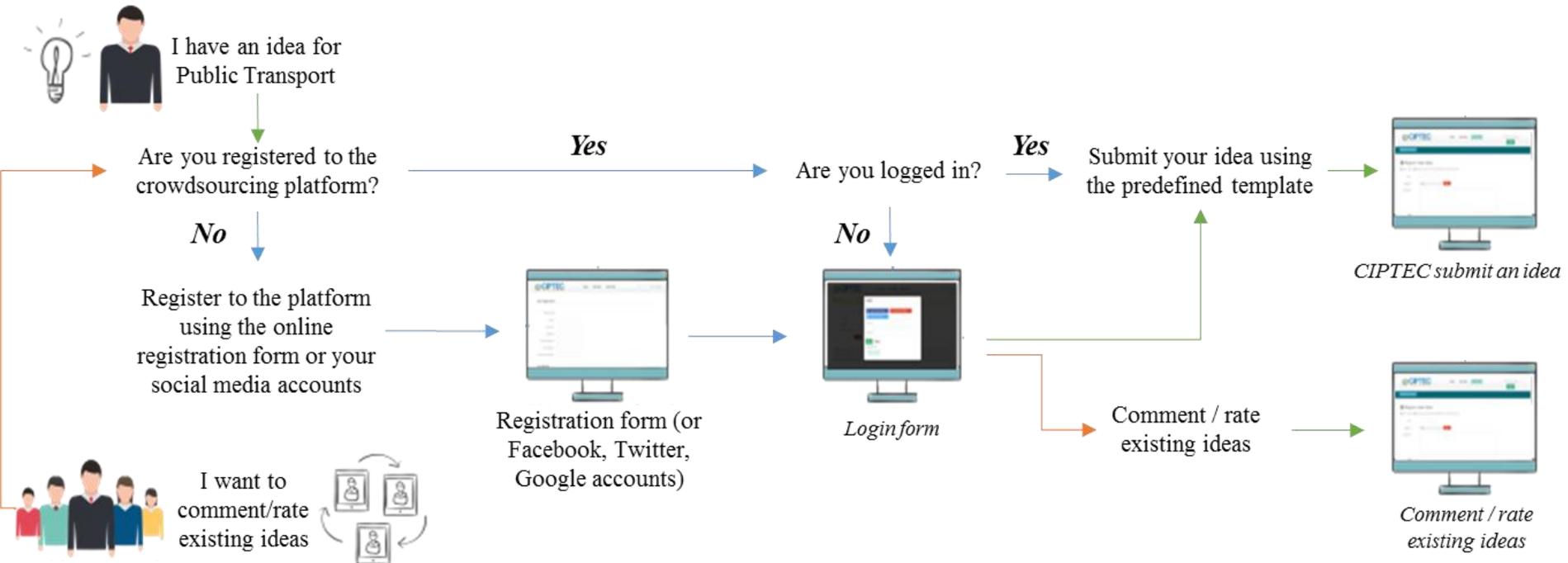
In CIPTEC a six step workflow plan is used for the effective use of crowdsourcing.



CIPTEC's crowdsourcing platform workflow



- 5 crowdsourcing campaigns/platforms:
 - ✓ 486 ideas submitted (in total)
 - ✓ 2329 votes / 126 comments received (in total)



Main conclusions derived from crowdsourcing campaigns



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- Paying effort on **launching an appropriate campaign** for advertising crowdsourcing is of primary importance
- **Incentives provision** is also important
- **Commercial interest potential** may discourage certain people in providing details of their idea in an open crowdsourcing platform, but there are opportunities also for them because a prospective developer may ask their cooperation
- Crowdsourcing may result in **ideas that they may have no great commercial interest** for development, but they could increase user satisfaction. Here the role of the so-called **social entrepreneurs can be crucial**

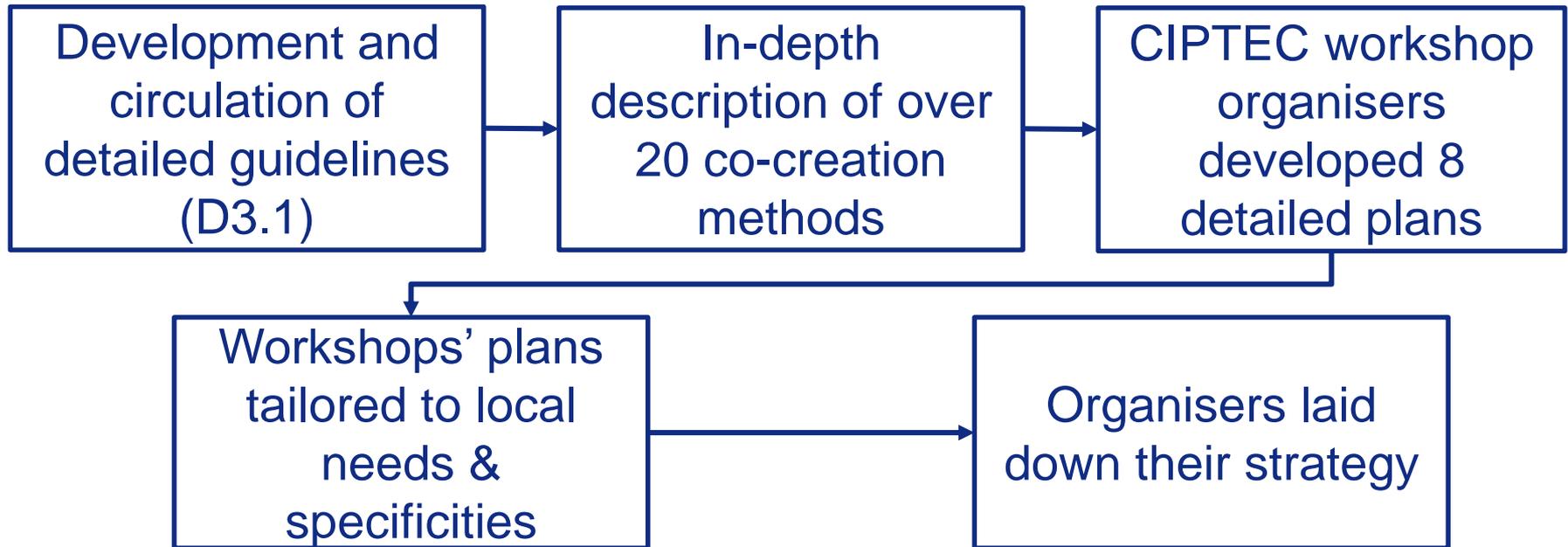


Main conclusions derived from crowdsourcing campaigns



- **PT community can cooperatively work** towards the identification and co-development of innovative PT concepts leveraging the ‘intelligence’ of the crowd
- The **integration of crowdsourcing approaches in the process** of developing solutions, services, systems and strategic plans in the field of PT **can help all relevant stakeholders**

Overview of the CIPTEC co-creation process



- Correspond to PT users' needs and major social and market trends.
- Promote concepts that are based on new technologies and business models.
- Bring together PT users & non-users with PTAs'/PTOs' representatives

- Scope & Objectives
- Moderator & Participants
- Structure
- Co-creation methods
- Evaluation criteria
- Venues
- Connection with crowdsourcing

Overview of the CIPTEC co-creation process



- Implementation of all **eight co-creation workshops**:
 - ✓ 2 in Thessaloniki, Greece (coordinated by AUTH)
 - ✓ 2 in Tuscany, Italy (coordinated by TIEMME)
 - ✓ 2 in Frankfurt, Germany (coordinated by traffiQ)
 - ✓ 2 in Rotterdam/The Hague, Netherlands (coordinated by MRDH)
- Application of various co-creation methodologies
- Inclusion of many different types of PT stakeholders (users, PTAs, PTOs, experts, IT providers, etc.) in the co-creation processes
- Identification of promising PT concepts



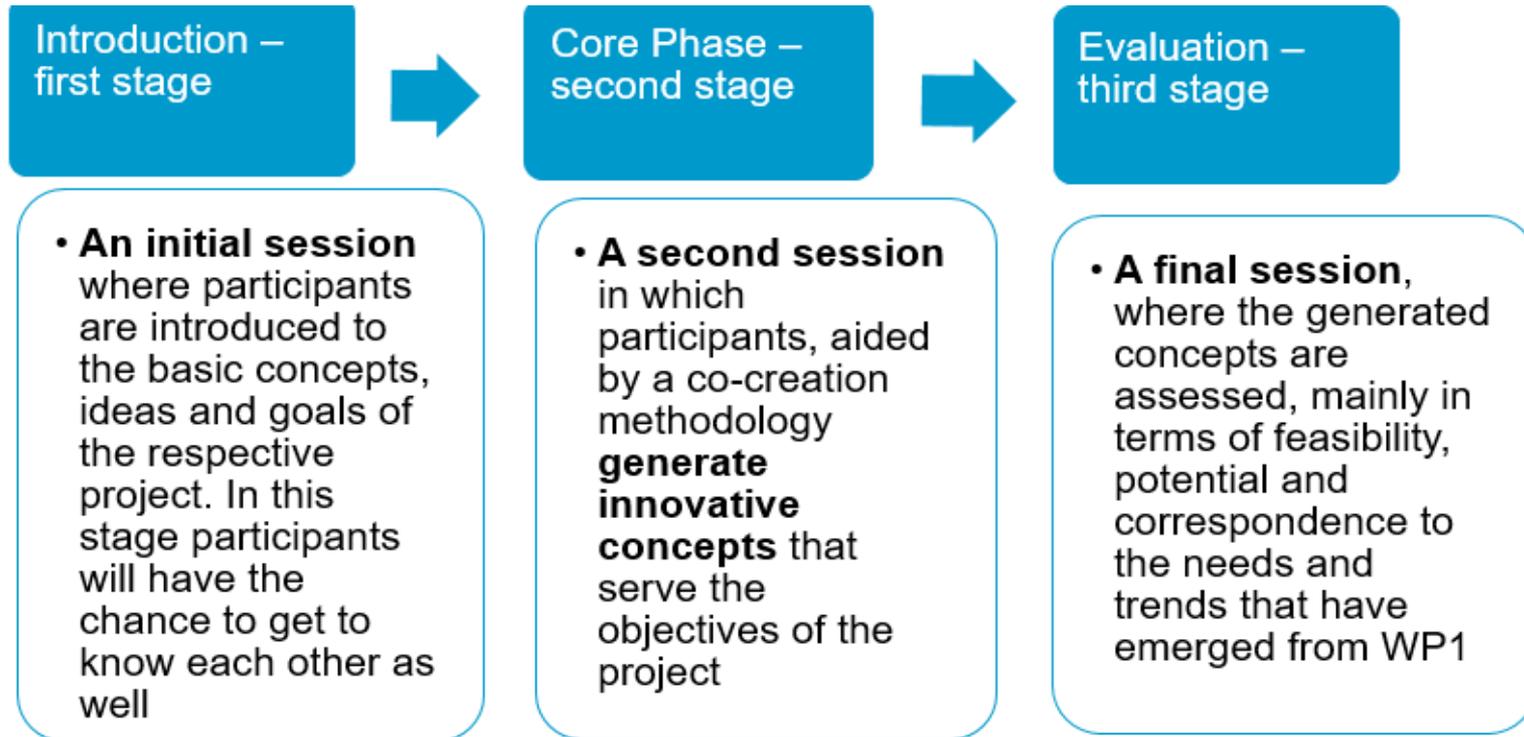
Overview of the CIPTEC co-creation process



Main objectives of the eight co-creation workshops

Co-creation Workshop (CW)	Objective
1 st CW at Thessaloniki	The improvement of PT services within the city of Thessaloniki
2 nd CW at Thessaloniki	The search of innovative ideas answering to some crucial market and societal trends as well as to some major PT challenges
1 st CW at Southern Tuscany	The identification of the accessibility problems in several type of areas (tourist areas, city center, points of interest, peri – urban areas etc.) and the investigation of innovative solutions.
2 nd CW at Southern Tuscany	The shift from problems' and needs' identified in the 1 st workshop to further analysis and solutions investigation.
1 st CW at Frankfurt	Building a common understanding for the creation of a single 'umbrella' PT brand concept replacing local and regional PT brands, as well as on identifying barriers and innovative solutions for its adoption.
2 nd CW at Frankfurt	The identification of innovative concepts for PT, tailored to the local needs and specifications, by considering the portfolio of existing PT innovations (as they were reviewed in previous project's research activities) and the suggestions of the members of the Public Transport council.
1 st CW at Rotterdam/The Hague	The generation of concrete and innovative ideas or concepts (services and products) that will enhance the quality, attractiveness, market share and experience of PT use within the region.
2 nd CW at Rotterdam/The Hague	Elaboration of the results of the first event, by identifying related new innovative concepts that are in line with the scope of the first workshop's results.

Overview of the CIPTEC co-creation process



- **Workshops aimed to offer more detailed and elaborated concepts than crowdsourcing.**
- **A total of 165 concepts came up. Organizers concluded on 17 innovative PT concepts.**



Overview of the CIPTEC co-creation process



Various co-creation methods were used, e.g.:

1. Brainstorming
2. World Café
3. Role playing
4. Conceptual mapping
5. Appreciative Inquiry
6. Problem Tree
7. Brand Constellation
8. Storytelling
9. Dilemma Thinking
10. Dot Voting
11. Two Dimension Axis

Groups of Participants	No of Representatives
Citizens & Community Groups (current & prospective users)	81
Mobility providers & PT operators	61
Experts in the field of PT	49
Local authorities & transport policy makers	18
Total No of participants	209

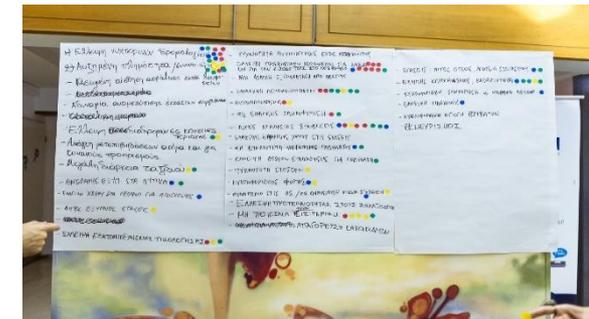


Main conclusions derived by implementing co-creation



The co-creation workshops' approach seem to be suitable for **integration within PTAs'/PTOs' processes, based on:**

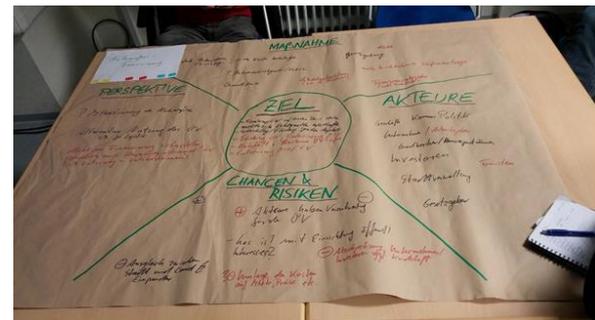
- ✓ the number & quality of co-created concepts that are in line with PT users' and authorities' needs and priorities as well as with major identified trends.
- ✓ the fact that citizens' and PTAs'/PTO's representatives have actively and effectively worked together.
- ✓ the high participants' satisfaction rates.



Main conclusions derived by implementing co-creation



- Organisers must engage in thorough participant selection and invitation processes.
- A diverse participants' mixture is one of the key success factors.
- Although some of the workshops' outputs might not be as innovative as expected, they have emerged based on the insights of the main local PT stakeholders → increased potential for market uptake.



Main conclusions derived by implementing co-creation



- Workshops' plans must be flexible and allow for last minute adaptations
- Workshops must ensure interactivity among participants and allocate adequate time for their main co-creation sessions.
- It is useful to adapt workshops based on local specificities.
- Strengths and drawbacks of each one of the methods used, were highlighted.



CIPTEC 'Public Transport Innovation' ToolBox: objectives

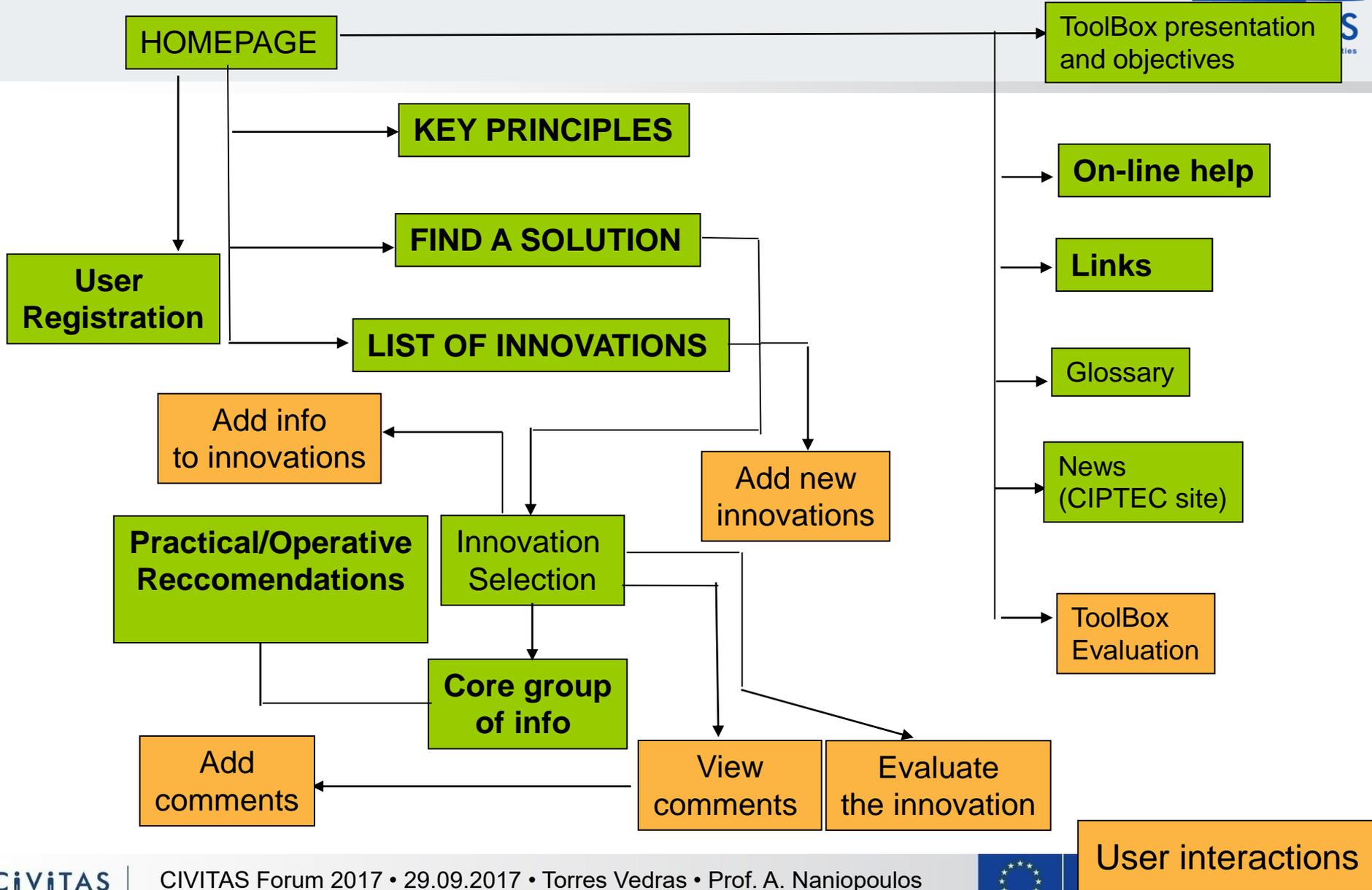


The CIPTEC toolbox for Public Transport Innovation aims in capturing the generated knowledge and provide advice on innovation introduction to PT stakeholders.

The CIPTEC Toolbox can be used by PT stakeholders to:

- *Improve the coordinated planning and introduction of the innovative measures and solutions.*
- *Select, implement, and assess innovative processes and measures in urban PT.*
- *Foster innovation culture.*

CIPTEC 'Public Transport Innovation' ToolBox: the online functionalities



Overall conclusions and remarks



- The collective intelligence methods applied, i.e. crowdsourcing platforms and co-creation workshops have **produced results**.
- The **utilisation of results is open to PT stakeholders** since all CIPTec Del's are open.
- During next steps of the project, **actions are foreseen to involve 'social entrepreneurs'** in utilising-developing innovations for PT.
- **The tools used** i.e. the crowdsourcing platforms and the methods applied – experiences derived from co-creation workshops **will be made available to PT stakeholders**, thus facilitating their in-house application.
- **Involving actively citizens in Innovations creations is very important following the societal demand: 'for us with us'.**



Future CIPTEC events



- 14-15 Dec. 2017: two-days workshops on ‘social innovation and public transport’ at Thessaloniki
- 24 Apr. 2018: CIPTEC final conference at Brussels



Thank you!

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CIPTec project has received funding by the Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme of the European Union (No 636412).



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Open questions



1. Are you interested for innovation? How do you promote it within your organisation?
2. Would you be willing to adopt and use the approaches described?
3. What would be your main concerns or limitations? How could CIPTEC help you to overcome them?

